# deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency

Deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency is an inherited disorder that can cause liver disease and neurological problems. Researchers have described two forms of this disorder. The majority of affected individuals have the more severe form, which is called hepatocerebral because of the serious problems it causes in the liver and brain.

Newborns with the hepatocerebral form of deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency may have a buildup of lactic acid in the body (lactic acidosis) within the first few days after birth. They may also have weakness, behavior changes such as poor feeding and decreased activity, and vomiting. Affected newborns sometimes have low blood sugar (hypoglycemia) as a result of liver dysfunction. During the first few weeks of life they begin showing other signs of liver disease which may result in liver failure. They also develop progressive neurological problems including very weak muscle tone (severe hypotonia), abnormal eye movements (nystagmus) and the loss of skills they had previously acquired (developmental regression). Children with this form of the disorder usually do not survive past the age of 2 years.

Some individuals with deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency have a milder form of the disorder without severe neurological problems. Liver disease is the primary symptom of this form of the disorder, generally becoming evident during infancy or childhood. Occasionally it first appears after an illness such as a viral infection. Affected individuals may also develop kidney problems. Mild hypotonia is the only neurological effect associated with this form of the disorder.

# Frequency

The prevalence of deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency is unknown. Approximately 100 affected individuals have been identified.

# **Genetic Changes**

The *DGUOK* gene provides instructions for making the enzyme deoxyguanosine kinase. This enzyme plays a critical role in mitochondria, which are structures within cells that convert the energy from food into a form that cells can use. Mitochondria each contain a small amount of DNA, known as mitochondrial DNA or mtDNA, which is essential for the normal function of these structures. Deoxyguanosine kinase is involved in producing and maintaining the building blocks of mitochondrial DNA.

Mutations in the *DGUOK* gene reduce or eliminate the activity of the deoxyguanosine kinase enzyme. Reduced enzyme activity leads to problems with the production and maintenance of mitochondrial DNA. A reduction in the amount of mitochondrial DNA (known as mitochondrial DNA depletion) impairs mitochondrial function in many of the

body's cells and tissues. These problems lead to the neurological and liver dysfunction associated with deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency.

#### Inheritance Pattern

Deoxyguanosine kinase deficiency is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. In most cases, the parents of an individual with this condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

#### Other Names for This Condition

- DGUOK-related mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome
- hepatocerebral mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome
- mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome, hepatocerebral form

# **Diagnosis & Management**

# **Genetic Testing**

 Genetic Testing Registry: Mitochondrial DNA-depletion syndrome 3, hepatocerebral https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C3151513/

# Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Deoxyguanosine Kinase Deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7040
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Hypotonia https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003298.htm

# General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

### **Additional Information & Resources**

### MedlinePlus

 Encyclopedia: Hypotonia https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003298.htm

 Health Topic: Genetic Brain Disorders https://medlineplus.gov/geneticbraindisorders.html

 Health Topic: Liver Diseases https://medlineplus.gov/liverdiseases.html

 Health Topic: Mitochondrial Diseases https://medlineplus.gov/mitochondrialdiseases.html

#### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 MPV17-related hepatocerebral mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/3972/mpv17-related-hepatocerebral-mitochondrial-dna-depletion-syndrome

### Additional NIH Resources

 National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS): Hypotonia Information Page https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Hypotonia-Information-Page

#### **Educational Resources**

- Cleveland Clinic: Mitochondrial Disease http://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/articles/myths-and-facts-about-mitochondrial-diseases
- MalaCards: dguok-related mitochondrial dna depletion syndrome, hepatocerebral form http://www.malacards.org/card/dguok\_related\_mitochondrial\_dna\_depletio n\_syndrome\_hepatocerebral\_form
- Orphanet: Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=35698

### Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- American Liver Foundation http://www.liverfoundation.org/
- United Mitochondrial Disease Foundation http://www.umdf.org/
- University of Kansas Medical Center Resource List: Mitochondrial Conditions http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/mitochon.html

#### GeneReviews

 Deoxyguanosine Kinase Deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7040

# ClinicalTrials.gov

ClinicalTrials.gov
 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22Mitochondrial+Diseases%22+OR+
 %22deoxyguanosine+kinase+deficiency%22

#### Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28deoxyguanosine+kinase+deficiency%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28mitochondrial+DNA+depletion+syndrome%29%29+AND+%28dguok%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

#### OMIM

 MITOCHONDRIAL DNA DEPLETION SYNDROME 3 (HEPATOCEREBRAL TYPE)

http://omim.org/entry/251880

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